

## Producer Guidance: Foreign Animal Disease Response

### Detection of FAD in Continental North America – not in US

- Discontinue all imports of susceptible animal and animal products from the affected country into Illinois
- IDOA begins distribution of educational materials on increased biosecurity and reporting to external stakeholders
- IDOA begins enhanced monitoring of susceptible wildlife in coordination with USDA Wildlife services and IDNR
- IDOA/USDA begin epidemiology and tracing to identify potential imports from affected country into IL in the last 30 days
  - Confirmed trace will trigger conference with IDOA, USDA and other agencies as determined necessary

### Detection of FAD in the Continental United States

- IDOA implements authority under IL 510 ILCS 50, Illinois Diseased Animals Act
- IDOA/USDA Initial Planning Team Meeting with appropriate supporting state/federal partners and stakeholders
  - Determine level of activation/requests – SEOC and IMT
  - Initiate movement control activities in support of 72-hour National Movement Standstill (Stop Movement)
  - Movements in progress/transit will be allowed to reach destination; evaluate permits for critical movements
- USDA/IDOA activates Joint Information Center with appropriate state/federal partners and stakeholders
  - Initiate industry and public information messaging
  - Messaging to all IL vets and producers to implement enhanced biosecurity and surveillance/reporting

### Detection of FAD in Illinois

#### INITIAL RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

- Infected Premises (IP) – see Producer Guidance: FAD Response on a Positive Farm
- IDOA activates full Unified Command (UC) and requests declaration of Emergency to activate the IEMA SEOC
- Continuation of all activities above
- National Veterinary Stockpile and USDA IMT requests initiated

#### ONGOING CRITICAL RESPONSE ACTIVITIES

- Control Areas and Premises
  - Continues epidemiologic investigations and tracing activities; investigate contact premises
- Depopulation, Disposal and Decontamination(3D)
  - Case Managers coordinate with UC and producers on infected premises for herd plans, indemnity, and other on farm response activities
  - Disposal will follow guidance of Animal Mortality Act and the Mass Animal Mortality Work Group
- Surveillance and Epidemiology
  - Ongoing surveillance; will differ for Control Area and Zones, Free Area and other affiliated establishments (slaughter, collection points, etc.)
  - UC coordinates surveillance of susceptible wildlife and assessment of vector presence/risk
  - Rapid sick call follow-up
- Biosecurity
  - Case Managers of infected, contact, and suspect premises will direct biosecurity on site
  - Distribution of biosecurity guidance to Control Area (CA) farms
  - Ongoing enhanced biosecurity throughout the state; Secure Food Supply Plans recommended
- Movement Controls and Permitting/Continuity of Business
  - Continually evaluate zones, areas, and premises designations to coordinate movement control with SEOC
  - Control Area permitting initiated to support continuity of business
- Data Systems
  - IDOA will utilize EMRS, USAHERDS, AgView, Rabapp, and other available data systems to determine Control Areas, network contact premises, surveillance, movement controls and permitted movement throughout the response (Emergency Management Response System (EMRS) is the system of record for all foreign animal disease responses in the United States)